

# The Wheeling Intelligencer.

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## The Intelligencer.

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The receipts of mails at Cincinnati last week were 9,215 kegs. The receipts since September last are 380,884 kegs, as against 365,707 for the same time last year.

There was another tumble in the Wall street stock market yesterday. Values seem to be tending downward as the season advances. The opinion of the money operators seems to be that prices will be driven down considerably yet in order to induce the public to take hold.

The Wheeling Register has not yet imparted any information as to the "marketable value" of its sudden come out for Col. Ben Wilson's re-nomination. If the editor can spare the time, the public would be pleased to hear from him on this point. It would give a pleasant variety to his Intelligencer references.

It will be seen by a regular notice elsewhere in this issue that the Republican State nominating convention is called to meet at Gallatin on the 30th of June next. It is called to nominate candidates for Governor, Auditor, Treasurer, Superintendent of Free Schools, Attorney-General and the Supreme bench.

BENJAMIN CAMERON is stated to have written to Don, advising him to support Blaine on account of the unpopularity of the third term. Some of the New York third-termers, fearing that the unit rule cannot be enforced, and that Conkling's prestige is endangered, have advised him to compromise by giving the New York delegation to Hamilton Fish.

We begin to hear complaints in regard to the declining prospects for grass in this region, on account of the lack of rain. The weather is splendid for wheat, and never looked better, but grass and oats, and corn just planted, need rain. Early planted corn is up and looking well. The farmers are still cherishing pretty high priced views in regard to the new wool clip.

The Republican ambassadors to the Hague conference at Charleston, on the 15th, will leave this end of the State next Saturday on the St. Lawrence. Historians tell us that some of the early Christians fled with the Pagans to such an extent that it was hard to tell at last whether Christianity or Paganism had gained or lost by the operation. The brethren who go to Charleston should make a note of this and be very careful that they do not come back swallowed up.

The Huntington Commercial says that Gov. Mathews sent Bennett to that place to visit the Advertiser in his own interests, for election to the U. S. Senate against Senator Herford. We quote its statement as follows: "Two years ago, Gov. Mathews, for his own purposes sent him here to purchase the Advertiser. Gov. Mathews endorsed his name in bank to raise the means, the consideration between Mathews and his hired tool being that the latter was to do as the Hon. Senator Herford. Herford is a very possible manner with a view to defeat him for re-election; also, to assail such men as Messrs. Kenna and Gibson, or any others who might come prominently before the party in this portion of West Virginia."

A New York dispatch this morning says that over 31,000 immigrants have already arrived at that port thus far this month. This is tremendous, and indicates that all the estimates of immigration this year will be exceeded before the season is over. It is now thought that a full half million will arrive. Some people fear that this is too much of a good thing—that more immigrants are coming than we can accommodate, or properly imbue with American ideas. Other people are afraid of a land famine in a few more years. All of the unoccupied domain will be taken up at this rate of immigration in the next few years. What then? Then will come West Virginia's chance, we suppose.

BENJAMIN CAMERON, of the M. E. Conference, preached a sermon in Cincinnati on Sunday that attracts attention in yesterday's Gazette. Here is an extract from it: "It is but a short time since all Christians believed the world of very recent origin, and that it had been built in six days. It was the universal belief, and was accepted as a doctrine of the Bible. We were startled and shocked when the great event of the Church today, the discussions of practical questions would violate and strengthen it. Sentimental and moral preaching do not fill the need. There is a hunger after intelligence."

AT LEAST ONE-third of the West Virginia delegates should be put down for Sherman instead of Blaine.—Cincinnati Commercial. We do not understand the Commercial's whim. There are three Congressional districts in West Virginia, and there are three delegates to Chicago, four for the State at large and two for each district. The first and second districts were largely for Blaine and they selected Blaine delegates. The four delegates at large are also Blaine delegates. These together make eight delegates from the State who are instructed for Blaine, and who will undoubtedly support him all the way through at Chicago. As to the other two delegates, all depends on the action of the Chicago Convention. If it rules that the Congressional districts have the right to choose their own delegates, then there will be certainly two Sherman votes in the Chicago Convention from West Virginia.

SENATOR MORGAN, of Alabama, gave notice in the Senate yesterday that he would move to take up the report of his select committee in regard to a joint rule for the two houses in the matter of the Presidential count. The principal feature of the rule is that when there is only one return from a State it shall be received and the votes in it counted, unless objected to by both houses of Congress. Another is

## NEWS AT THE CAPITAL.

### Another Credit Mobiler Scandal Blooming.

The Passage of the River and Harbor Bill Assured—Fall of U. S. Deputy Marshals—Turf Sports—The Action of the Columbia Government in Regard to U. S. Men-of-War—General News.

Capital Callings. WASHINGTON, May 17. Special Dispatch to the Intelligencer.

There is considerable talk and excitement in the city to-night over the report of another Credit Mobiler scandal, affecting Congressmen and others, in the matter of the Northern Pacific Railroad. The River and Harbor bill passed the House to-day with but little opposition, and it is said it will have little less in the Senate.

A tremendous crowd is gathering in the city for the horse and boat races. There is little betting, and what there is Hanlan is the decided favorite.

PAY OF DEPUTY MARSHALS. WASHINGTON, May 17.—The Senate Judiciary Committee voted to recommend the passage, with a few verbal amendments, Mr. Bayard's bill to regulate the pay and appointment of Deputy Marshals for service in reference to Federal elections.

The following is a full text of the bill: *Be it enacted* etc. That from and after the passage of this act the pay of all Deputy Marshals for service in reference to Federal elections shall be five dollars for each day of actual service and no more.

Section 2. That all Deputy Marshals to serve in reference to any election, shall be appointed by the Circuit Court of the U. S. for the district in which such marshals are to perform their duties in each year at the term of the court next preceding any election of representatives in Congress, but if from any cause there should be no session of the Circuit Court in the district in which such marshals are to be appointed then and in that case, the judges of District Courts are hereby respectively authorized to cause their courts to be opened for the purpose of appointing such Deputy Marshals, who shall be appointed by said District Courts, and officers so appointed shall be in equal numbers from different political parties, and shall be well-known citizens of good moral character and actual residents of the district in which they are to perform their duties, and shall not be candidates for any office at such election. All laws and parts of laws inconsistent with this act, are hereby repealed.

BLAINE TO GO TO CHICAGO IN PERSON. There is a report in circulation that Mr. Blaine is considering the propriety, or rather expediency, of going to Chicago to manage his own case. Some of his friends think his presence would be of great consequence in a magnetic sense. He is reported as saying in his case in 1876, that he failed solely through bad management, and that if he had been conducting the case of a man who came near the nomination as he (Blaine) did, and failed to secure it for him, then he would immediately abandon politics as a dead of effort in which he was not skilled.

OCEAN MAIL SERVICE. The House sub-committee has reported favorably to the full Committee a bill authorizing the Postmaster General to contract with American lines of steamers for the ocean mail service.

TURF SPORTS. The running races commenced yesterday. There was a large attendance, and the track was hard and fast.

Opening race, three-quarters of a mile dash—Janet Murray 1, Edelweiss 2, Belle 3. Virginia, Myrdel, Glendora, Silas, Nellie D. Flora A. Vigilant, Glendora, Lemington, and Belle of Jersey also ran. Time 1:16.

National handicap, one and an eighth miles—Gabriel Checkmate 2, Virginia 3. Cape Clear, Vagrant, Ben Hill, New York Weekly, Buster, Oriole, and Mame Field started. Time 1:56.

Hurdle race, one and three-fourth miles—Distance 1. Pomery 2, Tom Kinella 3. Judith and Raleigh distanced. Time 3:27.

THAT ORDER OF THE COLUMBIAN GOVERNMENT. The Secretary of the Navy is inclined to the opinion that the Adams line territorial waters of Colombia previous to the issuance of the alleged order directing the vessels to suspend operations. He also reiterated the statement heretofore published, that so far as he was aware of there had been no survey done by the commanders of the vessels.

BOARD OF SUPERVISING INSPECTORS. The special session of the Board of Supervising Inspectors of steam vessels adjourned sine die to-day. Rule 13 was modified so as to require passenger steamers navigating the ocean, western lakes, bays and sounds of the United States to be equipped with life boats in proportion to size.

It is provided, however, that no steamer shall be required to have more life-boats than is sufficient to carry passengers she is allowed by her certificate inspector, together with her officers and crew.

TELEGRAPH BRIEFS. Col. Charles H. Lewis, Ex-U. S. Minister to Portugal, died at Harrisonburg, Va., yesterday.

Brigadier General Jacob Zeilin, of the Marine Corps, Washington, was stricken with paralysis yesterday.

Second Assistant Secretary of State Hunter, who suffered a stroke of paralysis Sunday, was better yesterday, and physicians think he will recover.

The United States and State Courts of New York adjourned over till Wednesday, as a mark of respect to the memory of Chief Justice Sanford Church, deceased.

Dr. Gabriel Kaiser, on Sunday evening last, repaired to the Jewish cemetery near Louisville, and shot himself through the heart, falling on the mound of his wife's new made grave.

## M. E. GENERAL CONFERENCE.

The Day Devoted to the Bad Habits of Some Ministers—Miss Frances E. Willard Refused Permission to Speak Before the Conference on Temperance, and Cited a Terrible Example or Two.

CINCINNATI, O., May 17.—Bliss Wiley presided at the session of conference to-day. The time was mostly spent in offering memorials and resolutions for reference. Among them was a resolution from the Vermont Conference, requiring candidates for the ministry to answer the following questions:

Do you use tobacco? Do you use alcoholic stimulants in any form?

He referred to the Committee on Revisions. A resolution was offered instructing the Committee on Freedmen to inquire and report whether the duties of that society could be advantageously divided between the Freedmen's Bureau and the Church Extension Societies. Adopted.

A resolution by J. W. Willet declaring that Bishop are elected to be Bishops by the fact of election, and not by the ceremony of Ordination, was referred to the Committee on Episcopacy.

Much feeling was aroused by the introduction of the preamble and resolution by Dr. Olin, of Wyoming. The preamble recited the evils of intemperance and alluding to the fact that one delegate to this Conference, Dr. Goodwin, had lost his life through intemperance of his brother, and the resolution inviting Miss Frances Willard, representing the Women's National Christian Union, to address the Conference for ten minutes.

Dr. Goodwin was vigorously opposed by Drs. Buckley and Curry, who argued that such a precedent would open the Conference to a flood of applications for similar privileges.

Dr. Buckley then moved to adjourn, and it was carried, without making any order with reference to Miss Willard's speech.

THE WOOL CLIP. Heavy Increase in Yield for 1880 Over Previous Years—Sheep Breeding in Southern Indiana.

NEW ALBANY, May 14.—A gentleman largely engaged in the wool trade has some very interesting facts with relation to the growth of the wool interest in Southern Indiana, and particularly of the clip in 1880. In the year 1870 the wool clip of the counties of Floyd, Clark, Crawford, Dubois, Harrison, Lawrence, Martin, Orange, Perry, Spencer, and Washington, aggregated 456,470 pounds. The total number of sheep in the same counties in 1879 aggregated 192,478.

The estimate of the clip for 1880, in these fourteen counties, is 750,000 pounds, while the clip of the same counties in 1879, was 255,000 head of sheep. The improvements made in sheep breeding have been very great of late years. The best strains of blood have been introduced into this part of the State, the Cotswolds and Merinos particularly leading in the selection as best adapted to the climate and the heaviest in fleeces.

The past winter was very favorable to the flocks, and as a result the fleeces were much heavier, better in quality than in any previous year. The extensive woolen mills of this city, which annually consume about three quarters of a million pounds of wool, have made New Albany an excellent wool market, and this has attracted here buyers from other cities. All these buyers agree in the statement that the clip of 1880 is the best ever produced in Southern Indiana, and that the product commenced moving to market three weeks earlier this year than in former years. Prices rule at thirty to thirty-three cents for unwashed, and fifty to seventy-five cents for washed.

SUICIDE AT PITTSBURGH. Whisky and Disappointed Love the Assigned Causes.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., May 17.—Benson Jones, a well known young man, doing business in this city, committed suicide in a saloon, by shooting, about six o'clock last evening. He had been drinking hard all day, and in company with a friend went into a saloon kept by one Deekenbach. He asked rather rudely for a time and then went into a closet and shot himself through the head with a revolver of the kind known as "Swamp Angel." The hole made by the ball was entered, but broke out shortly after. Jones belongs to a family of good social standing. He has been a hard drinker for years, his relatives having him sent to an insane asylum on account of this two years ago. He was supposed to have been cured, but broke out shortly after his release. His relatives assign this as the cause of the deed.

It is said, however, the real cause is disappointed love, the lady he had been keeping company with having married another gentleman about two weeks ago. At that time he threatened to shoot himself. Deceased was aged thirty years.

WOMAN'S WORK. Recruits for the Missionary Field.

COLUMBUS, O., May 17.—At to-day's session of the Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the M. E. Church the following missionaries were appointed: Miss Mattie B. Spence, of Indiana, to be sent out to the northwestern branch of the Society; Miss Edna Taylor, to be sent out by the New York branch; Miss Kate Woodworth, of Burlington, Vt., to be sent out by the New York branch; Miss Julia Goodenough, of Coldwater, Mich., to be sent out by the northwestern branch; Miss Anna B. Pearce, of Kent, Ohio, to be sent by the Cincinnati branch, and Mrs. S. M. Lewis, of Brooklyn, to be sent out by the New York branch. The Convention will adjourn to-night.

SHOT HIS WIFE. Because She Wouldn't Give Him Money to Liquor Up.

COLUMBUS, O., May 17.—Wm. Walcott, a hack driver, shot his wife to-day, the ball taking effect immediately above the right breast, making it feared, a fatal wound. Walcott has been drinking for a long time, and his wife brought suit for a divorce from him some months ago, he has been in the habit of lounging around a restaurant she keeps, begging money and liquor, and it is supposed her refusal to give him a considerable sum of money last week led to his attack.

Archbishop Taché, of Quebec, has issued a pastoral letter condemning trade unions, in which he says: Any Catholic who shall attack or conspire to attack any person because such person works, has worked, or is willing to work at prices which he thinks fit, shall be excommunicated.

## FORTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

The Postoffice Appropriation Bill Passed by the Senate—The River and Harbor Bill Goes Through the House by a Handsome Majority.

SENATE. WASHINGTON, May 17. Mr. Bayard from the Committee on the Judiciary reported the bill lately introduced by him regulating the pay and appointment of Deputy Marshals. Placed on the calendar. Mr. Bayard will ask the Senate to consider it to-morrow.

Mr. Morgan announced that on Thursday he will ask the Senate to consider the joint resolution introduced by him, and reported favorably from the select committee on the subject, of counting the electoral vote.

On motion of Mr. Pendleton the Senate passed the joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to furnish artillery, tents, and forage to the soldiers and sailors of the re-union at Columbus, Ohio, August, 1880. The Kellogg-Spofford resolutions being the pending order after the morning hour expired, they were laid aside informally and, on motion of Wallace, the Postoffice Appropriation Bill was taken up. The bill was read for action on the Committee amendments.

The committee recommended amendments as follows: Increasing the appropriation for the Postoffice and railroads from \$9,400,000 to \$9,840,000; by steamboat routes from \$500,000 to \$600,000; for mail messengers from \$700,000 to \$725,000; for small locks and tags from \$25,000 to \$100,000; striking out the provision authorizing the Postmaster General to recruit in favor of the Colonies of New Zealand and New South Wales so much of the cost of overland transportation of the Australian closed mails as he thinks just, and striking out the proviso that all star routes be retained for the benefit of the people, and now provided by law, on the first of October, 1880, on which day for the expedition schedule, ordered during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1879, or June 30, 1880, should be reduced to the extent of one per cent, in favor of the expedition; provided that this proviso shall not prevail when the present contractor desires to continue his contract as reduced. Mr. Wallace said all amendments for the purpose of increasing the Postoffice Department were agreed to, and the bill passed.

The presiding officer (Ferry) laid before the Senate a message from the President, transmitting the report of the Commissioner of the State of the Fortunate Bay Fisheries question. Ordered printed.

After an executive session the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE. A number of bills and resolutions were introduced and referred:

After a short debate, the motion to suspend the rules and pass the River and Harbor bill was agreed to; yeas 179, nays 47.

Mr. Cook moved to suspend the rules and adopt a resolution setting apart Saturday night for consideration of the report of the committee on public buildings and grounds, agreed to, yeas 161, nays 35.

Under instructions of committee on banking and currency, moved to suspend rules and pass a bill authorizing National banks to make loans on mortgage of real estate. The House refused the second demand for suspension, only 35 members voting in favor of it.

The rules were suspended, and after a short debate the bill was passed providing for the holding of the United States Circuit Courts for the District of Iowa.

The Speaker laid before the House a message from the President, transmitting, in compliance with the resolution of the House of Representatives, copies of the correspondence with the Government of Great Britain in relation to the alleged outrages on American citizens at Fortuna Bay, New Foundland, together with the report from the Secretary of State.

In the message the President says: In transmitting this correspondence and report, I respectfully ask the immediate and careful attention of Congress to the failure of action between the two Governments to the interest of the fishery articles of the Treaty of Washington, as is disclosed in this correspondence, and as elucidated by the exposition of the Secretary of State. I concur in that report as to the measures proper to be taken by this government in the maintenance of the rights accorded our fishermen by the British concessions in the treaty, and procuring suitable action toward securing the indemnity for the injuries sustained by our citizens.

Accordingly I recommend to Congress the adoption of these measures, with such attendant details of legislation as in the wisdom of Congress it may seem expedient.

[Signed.] RUTHERFORD B. HAYES. Executive Mansion, May 17, 1880.

The message and accompanying documents were ordered printed and referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs. Adjourned.

ILLINOIS BATTLEFIELD. Near Approach of the Declare Engagement.

CHICAGO, May 16.—Delegates to the Springfield convention are already going down to prepare the way for the fight, which is anticipated, and which, if it does occur, is very likely to result in two delegations contesting the right to sit in the National Convention.

The only hope of a peaceful solution is the admission by the rest of the State Convention of the admission of the regular Cook county Convention. This would, beyond the shadow of a doubt, give the control of the Convention to the anti-Grant combination, as, counting Cook county, they already have 353 delegates, to the regular county yet to be named. The chief reliance of the Chicago delegation is on the influence of the candidates in the State. It would seem to be the part of wisdom for these delegates to admit the regular Chicago delegation, and thereby secure harmony without which their nominations would be of small account.

Each of them control several counties, and each could secure favorable action on the question of admission. The machine will be set in motion to prevent this, and may be able to do so. Logan and Farwell both went to Springfield by this evening's train.

McHenry county, which gave nine Blaine votes Saturday, gave the Fourth District also to Blaine. Fourteen out of the nineteen districts have now elected anti-Grant delegates, and most of these districts are for Blaine.

## BROUGHT BY THE CABLE.

### Weekly Review of Foreign Grain Market.

The Ultramontanes of Germany Declare War Against Bismarck—The Dilemma of Pope Leo—Rupture Between Roumania and Bulgaria—Revival of the Slave Trade—Foreign News.

FOREIGN GRAIN MARKET. LONDON, May 17.—The Mark Lane Express says: The aspect of agricultural affairs is but little advanced since last week. Night frosts in many districts have checked the development of wheat, which is generally backward and frequently thin. Unless genial weather sets in speedily the chances are that ultimate mischief to the crops will be considerably increased.

Scotch advices are somewhat better. Though both in Mark Lane and the provinces the demand for English wheat is somewhat inactive, last week's prices were well maintained, and even occasionally exceeded. Imports of foreign grain are but sufficient to meet the ordinary requirements without swelling stocks. This circumstance, and unusual shortness in continental reserves, increased the confidence of buyers. If the prices of wheat had not already fallen considerably low, doubtless the trade would require all the support extraneous influence could afford, to avert a further decline, being caused by the liberal range of stocks in American, and the increased imports consequent on the re-opening of the Northern Russian ports. Last week, however, the strong undercurrent of steadiness is observable, and the opinion is gaining ground that wheat at the present range of prices can be safely bought for speculation or consumption. Holders have strongly resisted any further reduction, being encouraged by slightly unfavorable crop prospects.

An active strengthening influence has been the cause of the continental demand, under which the coast is being rapidly cleared of cargoes at advanced prices. Red winter sold at 25s 6d for continental, about the middle of the week. The turning point also appears to have been reached in the spot market, where the price of red winter has improved about a shilling per quarter since last week, and has also been very firmly held, and a slight advance occurred both in London and at Liverpool, while a shilling advance has been paid for cargoes of the coast. Sales of English wheat last week, 26,790 quarters at 44s 9d per quarter, against 57,209 quarters at 40s 8d per quarter the corresponding week last year. Imports into the United Kingdom for the week ending May 8, 1,014,900 hundred weight of wheat and 158,440 of flour.

GERMANY. BERLIN, May 17.—The Emperor has given his assent to the draft of a measure modifying the Falk law.

The Ultramontanes are resolved to recommence the war against Bismarck, and stir up the Catholic population against the government. The first important meeting of the Catholics has been held at Dortmund, Westphalia, at which 20,000 persons were present, including many nobles and influential leaders. The meeting fully approved the attitude of the Centre party in the Reichstag, and pressed the hope that the Catholics would move in the Reichstag for a law making ministers responsible for their acts; also to demand the total abolition of the May laws.

The Catholic press have undertaken a general crusade to excite hatred and mistrust against the Government. Two members of the party, Prince Edmund Roderich and Count Caltestris, have gone to Rome to give some explanation on the state of affairs to the leaders of the Vatican, and to receive instructions.

The Bundesrath will prolong its sitting some weeks longer. It will be prorogued until October, when new business regulations will come in force, and the Council will be composed quite differently, as all the German Ministers will participate in the discussions.

ITALIAN ELECTIONS. ROME, May 17.—In the election for members of the Chamber of Deputies two hundred and seventy-seven final results are known. Of these the Right secures 103 seats; Ministers Socialists 128; Discontent Left 46. One hundred and twenty-three additional ballots are necessary, of which 49 are expected to result in favor of the right; 56 in favor of the Ministers-Socialists, and 18 in favor of the Discontent Left. Desacuzzi, Minghetti, Nicotri, and Mancina have been re-elected.

INDIAN FINANCES. LONDON, May 17.—The Times says in November last while the India Council was paying from 34 to 35 shillings per ton for carrying rates to India, the India Peninsula Railway was paying only 25 shillings per ton. In other cases discrepancies of five shillings per ton between the charges in Government contracts and those of private companies are no numerous to mention. General Stewart is reducing expenses everywhere.

THE POPE'S HEALTH. ROME, May 17.—The Pope has recently undergone successive painful operations. The Pope would much like to spend the summer at Perugia, but he is not prepared to face the storm of opposition, reproach and menace he would have to encounter if he did so. It is meanwhile no secret to his medical advisers that to remain in Rome all summer is perhaps to run immediate risk of his life, and certainly to shorten it.

REVIVAL OF THE SLAVE TRADE. LONDON, May 17.—Owing to further arrivals of slaves at Asiat and Cairo, and the apathy of the Egyptian officers, the Egyptian Government by request of the British Consul General has entrusted Count Halls, Austrian officer, with a special mission to Asiat. There has been a great revival of the slave trade on the Red Sea since the departure from Egypt of Gordon Pasha.

ENGLISH LABOR STRIKES. LONDON, May 17.—At Padham, Clithero and great Harwood, the employees will close their mills Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday of each week. In the event of this action not speedily ending the strike of the operatives, the masters central committee will meet to consider the advisability of a general lockout.

TURKEY. CONSTANTINOPLE, May 17.—Replying to a note of the Powers urging the reoccupation by the Turkish troops of the evacuated positions now occupied by the Albanians, the Porte proposes the formation of

## an international commission of inquiry.

Replying to the demand of the Austrian and Italian Ambassadors that a cordon of troops be formed round the Albanian districts, the Grand Vizier stated that Ahmed Muktar Pasha had been ordered to prevent the formation of insurgent bands and to court-martial persons distributing arms.

WRECK OF A VESSEL. LONDON, May 17.—The agent of Lloyd's at Madeira telegraphs as follows: The British African mail steamer Senegal, from Bathurst, the capital of the British colony of Gambia, to Liverpool, struck on some sunken rocks near Gando Point, Grand Canary Island. She has been beached in Melanara Bay. The cargo is being taken out as rapidly as possible. The crew and passengers were all saved. The passengers, who were transferred to the steamer Teuton, have been landed at Madeira.

FRANCE. PARIS, May 15.—M. Trard, Minister of Commerce, in speaking in the Department of Gers to-day, said the country was proceeding steadily in the path of progress and liberty, and was prepared to repel all aggression; that the Republic was ready to stretch out its arms to all the children of France, even to those who cherished unjust prejudices, and that the Government was far from being desirous of initiating religious persecution, but was resolved to enforce a strict execution of the laws.

RUPTURE BETWEEN BULGARIA AND ROUMANIA. VIENNA, May 17.—The strained relations between Roumania and Bulgaria have come to a complete rupture. The recall of Roumanian representatives has been followed by that of Bulgarian agents. The end was brought about by Bulgarian insinuations that Roumania was secretly supporting insurrection in Bulgaria by disloyalty to Roumanian representatives.

AFGHANISTAN. CABUL, May 17.—Chances of a pacific settlement are increasing. General Roberts pursues his march through Logar Valley, towards Maidan. A dispatch from Candahar says that Mr. W. A. G. of Candahar, returned from Afghanistan, after completely pacifying the disturbed districts. He was formally inducted as Governor and presented with various gifts from the Viceroys.

MORTALITY OF PARIS. PARIS, May 17.—The mortality of this city for the past week, creates alarm. Thirty-three persons died from typhus fever, seventy-one from small pox, thirty from measles, and fifty-eight from croup.

HAS THE HONOR THRUST UPON HIM. LONDON, May 17.—After a protracted discussion, Parnell has been elected to the session as Chairman, by a vote of 23 to 18. Eighteen Home Rulers were absent from the meeting and sixty-three present.

INDIA. CALCUTTA, May 17.—Owing to financial considerations the Government has abandoned, for the present, the raising of three new regiments of guides.

FOREIGN NOTES. BOYD, the captain, leaves England Thursday next for the United States.

A Calcutta despatch says the entire press and public pronounce the Government's explanation of the deficit in the Indian budget as worse than the original blunder.

REPORTS OF INDIAN OUTRAGES DENIED.—The Country Swarming With Prospects.

LOS PINOS AGENCY, VIA SALT LAKE CITY, MAY 17.—The reports of the massacre by the White River Utes, of Bradbury's party of prospectors from Del Norte, is disbelieved. Chief Oury has no such information. Acting Agent Sherman under orders from the Department, and at Oury's request, followed the party nine miles up the north fork of the Gunnison river to warn them of the reservation and of the danger they were incurring.

He found it impossible to overtake them as they were evidently making marches for Eagle river, prompted doubtless by a visit from the White River Utes. Several days previous to their arrival at their abandoned camp at the junction of the water and Gunnison river a fight of some kind had occurred, as the Indians report. Bradbury claimed to be a Mormon bound for Utah, though traveling in an opposite direction.

Gunnison country is swarming with prospectors and it is only a question of a very short time when it will be equal to the Uncompaghe Valley. Chief Oury is waiting patiently, though anxious for the passage of the Ute bill, as the delay of Congress along the borders of the reservation.

NASHVILLE. THE Military Competitive Drill. NASHVILLE, May 17.—Company K and battery A of the Missouri National Guards, battery A, Louisiana flying artillery, and battery A, Louisville artillery, have arrived. The Chickasaw Guards will arrive from New York to-morrow. Three companies from the Crescent City battalion will reach here to-morrow night.

Three batteries and one cavalry company will contest for the prize to-day. Eight infantry companies will contend for the Centennial prizes Wednesday. Mills' equestrian statue of Jackson will be unveiled Thursday. Gen. Jas. Wheeler and Gen. Pennypacker, U. S. A., are here, and Gen. Jos. E. Johnston will arrive to-morrow evening.

Very Paint Greenbackism. Weston Democrat.

The Greenbackers of this county held a meeting here on Saturday last. The few active men of the party had thoroughly advertised that a gentlemen from Michigan, by the name of Trevellick, and of great ability, would address the meeting. Mr. Trevellick had a very respectable audience. He is a pretty good talker, but he did not sustain the reputation he had at the Charleston convention, and six Republicans and two Democrats complied with this request.

BASE BALL. BALTIMORE, May 17.—Baltimore 2, Nationals 0.

WORCESTER, May 17.—Worcesters 19, Boston 10.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 17.—Albany 8, Troy City 7.

THE Number of Immigrants Flocking to Our Shores.

NEW YORK, May 17.—The number of immigrants that arrived this morning was 1,432. The total number thus far in May is 31,346, which is more than any number arriving in any entire month of May, excepting in 1852, when 52,195 emigrants landed.

Mischelovs Molten Metal. CLEVELAND, O., May 17.—To-day, as about twenty men stood under the cupola in Taylor & Boggs' foundry, the bottom in Taylor & Boggs' foundry, the bottom fell out, and tons of molten metal poured out, setting on fire, and doing much damage to the building.

A winged angel's dose. Taken in the morning before breakfast.

All Druggists and Mineral Water Dealers.

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## NEIGHBORHOOD NEWS.

### Local News Notes and Personal Mention.

All the papers mentioned what was spoken of in City Council, the step in the pavement, between Dr. Satterthwait and Wm. Sliram's, but now it has been fixed, no one has mentioned it. Now let the pavement at the old bank on Belmont street be fixed. It has been spoken of and spoken of.

There was a large audience in the Disciples Church, Sunday evening, to hear Mrs. "Kent Mason" Clayton lecture on temperance. She made a very effective address in a very natural manner, without affectation, and was listened to with close attention. A collection was taken up at the close and one of the gentlemen as he went through the audience, was told that one man wanted an opportunity to sign the pledge. This was granted at the close of the meeting when numerous others signed also.

Clint. Milligan is living in Wheeling now, studying law. Our lumber men are all busy. Some rafting will be here soon to be handled. Last week, at one yard, two wagons were kept going to one team, one being loaded while another was hauled out.

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